IN THE HIGH COURT OF KARNATAKA AT BANGALORE DATED THIS THE 4TH DAY OF JUNE 1998



Before :

THE HON'BLE MR. JUSTICE G. PATRI BASAVANA GOUD

WRIT PETIT ION No. 25856/1990

Between:

Hubli Dharwad Munici pal Corporation, represented by Sri. Mahendra Jain, Commissioner, Hubli-Dharwad Munic pal Corporation, Hubli, Dist: Dharwad.

.. Petitioner

(By Sri.C. H. Jadhav, Advocate)

And :

Smt. Honnavva, W/o Thippanna, age: major, R/o. Indiranagar, Hubli, Dist: Dharwad.

.. Respondent

(By Smt. Suman Hegde, Advocate)

This writ petition is filed under Articles 226 & 227 of the Constitution of India praying to set aside the impugned order passed by the Labour Court, Hubli at Hubli application No. 34/84 dt. 10.8.90 Annexure-'D'.

This writ petition is coming on for final hearing this day, the Court made the following:

. . . 2.

ORDER

The Petitioner-employer viz., HubliDharwad Municipal Corporation, in this writ

Petition under Articles 226 & 227 of the

Constitution, seeks quashing of the order of

the Labour Court, Hubli, under Section 33-C

(2) of the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947

('Act' for short) at Annexure-'D', by which,

the Labour Court directed the Petitioner to

pay to the respondent a sum of Rs. 21,556-34 ps.

with interest at 6% p.a. from the date of

the application under Section 33-C (2) of the

Act till the date of realisation.

2. Respondent had been working with the petitioner-Corporation since 1943 as a Sweeper. The petitioner-Corporation sought to retire her from services with effect from 3.12.1980 since, according to the petitioner, she would attain the age of superannuation, that is, 60 years as on that day. But, having regard to the entry in her service record, she, however, contended that she would attain the age of 60 years only on 3.12.1985. She filed a suit 0.5.No.545/80 in the Munsiff Court, at Hubli, for declaration of her date of birth

and for temporary injunction and in the meantime, obtained injunction from the Munsiff Court, on the strength of which, she continued in service from 3.12.1980. The suit, however, came to be dismissed on 16.10.1982. Even then, she was retired from service only on 21.3.1983. In this background, she filed an application under Section 33-C (2) of the Act claiming a sum of Rs.21,556-34 ps.

3. The suit filed by the respondent having eventually been dismissed, for the purpose of Pension, Gratuity etc., it must be taken that, she retired from service on 3.12.1980 on attaining the age of superamuation. Her continuance in service from 3.12.80 up to 21.3.1983 was on account of her having approached the Civil Court and having obtained an order of temporary injunction. The said services cannot be taken into consideration for any purpose, much less, for the purpose of computing Pension, Gratuity, leave encashment etc., as claimed by the respondent. Labour Court has granted relief accepting her claim in its entirety. Having said so, it also needs to be stated that, the contention

of the Petitioner that for the services rendered by the respondent during the period from 3.12.1980 to 21.3.1983, she could not have been paid any wages, because, she has failed to establish the date of birth as claimed by her and that, therefore, the wages paid during the said period should be deducted, cannot be accepted. For whatever reason she might have been continued in service, the fact remains that, she had been regularly appointed and had been working in the Corporation since 1943, and actually worked as Sweeper even during the Period from 3.12.80 to 21.3.1983. Whatever wages are Paid to her during this period are wages paid for the work done. By no stretch of imagination can an employer ask for its refund, and in the same way the employer cannot give back the time and energy spent by the respondent in doing actual work. The wages paid for the Period from 3.12.1980 to 21.3.1983, therefore, are wages for the work done, and the Petitioner cannot ask the respondent to refund the same. At the same time, the said period i.e. from 3.12.1980 to 21.3.1983, cannot be considered for any purposes like computing

the period for Pension, gratuity, leave encashment etc. The Labour Court erred in granting relief taking the said period also as part of the regular service.

4. Writ petition is partly allowed. Impugned order is set aside. While holding that the wages paid to the respondent for the period from 3.12.1980 to 21.3.1983 carnot be asked to be refunded, the Labour Court is directed to compute the amount due to the respondent by way of Pension, Gratuity etc., on the footing that, for the said purposes, respondent retired from service with effect from 3.12.1980. The matter is, therefore, remitted to the Labour Court, Hubli, for fresh determination of respondent's application under Section 33-C (2) of the Act in accordance with law and in the light of the discussions made above and the conclusion reached above.



Sd/-